

## AMENDMENTS TO CLAIMS

Claims 1 – 22 (canceled)

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Claim 23 (currently amended): An optical packet switching method for switching inputted optical packets over NW wavelengths, the inputted optical packets comprising optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on delay sensitivity, the optical packets having different attributes of a  
10 characteristic based on delay sensitivity also comprise optical packets having  
different attributes of a characteristic based on optical packet bit-rate range, and  
~~where~~ NW is an integer greater than one, the method comprising:

grouping the NW wavelengths into KG groups of wavelengths both  
according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on delay sensitivity  
15 and according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet  
bit-rate range so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths is allocated to optical  
packets having both a common delay sensitivity level and a common bit-rate range  
which ~~is~~ are different from at least one of the following: a delay sensitivity level of  
other optical packets; and a bit-rate range of other optical packets, where KG is an  
20 integer greater than one; and

switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having  
an available transmission resource selected from among wavelengths in one of said  
KG groups of wavelengths that is matched to the one inputted optical packet by  
correspondence of both a delay sensitivity level and a bit-rate range.

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Claim 24 (previously presented): The method according to claim 23 and wherein  
said grouping comprises allocating more wavelengths to delay sensitive optical  
packets than to delay insensitive optical packets.

30 Claim 25 (previously presented): The method according to claim 23 and wherein the  
inputted optical packets comprise Internet Protocol (IP) packets.

Claim 26 (previously presented): The method according to claim 25 and wherein the IP packets comprise IP packets that are produced in at least one of the following: an IP-over-WDM network; an Ethernet based network; an IP-over-SDH-over-WDM  
5 (IPoSDHoWDM) network; an IP-over-SONET-over-WDM (IPoSONEToWDM) network; and an IP-over-ATM-over-WDM (IPoATMoWDM) network.

Claim 27 (canceled)

10 Claim 28 (currently amended): The method according to claim 23 and wherein:  
the optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on delay sensitivity also comprise optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on optical packet service level;

the grouping comprises grouping the NW wavelengths into KG  
15 groups of wavelengths ~~both~~ according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on delay sensitivity, according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet bit-rate range, and according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet service level so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths is allocated to optical packets having ~~both~~ a common delay sensitivity  
20 level, a common bit-rate range, and a common service level which are different from at least one of the following: a delay sensitivity level of other optical packets; a bit-rate range of other optical packets; and a service level of other optical packets; and

the switching comprises switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having an available transmission resource selected from among  
25 wavelengths in one of said KG groups of wavelengths that is matched to the one inputted optical packet by correspondence of ~~both~~ a delay sensitivity level, a bit-rate range, and an optical packet service level.

Claim 29 (currently amended): An optical packet switching method for  
30 switching inputted optical packets over NW wavelengths, the inputted optical packets comprising optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic

based on optical packet carrier wavelength band, where NW is an integer greater than one, the method comprising:

directing more of the inputted optical packets to a first wavelength band that experiences a first level of interference than to a second wavelength band that experiences a second level of interference which is higher than the first level of interference;

grouping the NW wavelengths into KG groups of wavelengths according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength band so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths is allocated to optical packets that are provided at a common wavelength band which is different from a wavelength band of other optical packets, where the common wavelength band comprises a plurality of separate optical channels and KG is an integer greater than one; and

switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having an available transmission resource selected from among wavelengths in one of said KG groups of wavelengths that is matched to the one inputted optical packet by correspondence of a wavelength band.

Claim 30 (previously presented): The method according to claim 29 and wherein the common wavelength band comprises a wavelength band of an order of magnitude of tens nanometers (nm) around one of the following wavelengths: 780nm; 980nm; 1310nm; 1480nm; 1510nm; 1550nm; and 1620nm.

Claim 31 (previously presented): The method according to claim 29 and wherein the common wavelength band comprises one of the following wavelength bands: 1488 - 1518 nm (the S-Band); 1526 - 1563 nm (the C-Band); and 1569 - 1613 nm (the L-Band).

Claim 32 (canceled)

Claim 33 (previously presented): The method according to claim 29 and wherein the inputted optical packets comprise Internet Protocol (IP) packets.

Claim 34 (previously presented): The method according to claim 33 and wherein the  
5 IP packets comprise IP packets that are produced in at least one of the following: an IP-over-WDM network; an Ethernet based network; an IP-over-SDH-over-WDM (IPoSDHoWDM) network; an IP-over-SONET-over-WDM (IPoSONEToWDM) network; and an IP-over-ATM-over-WDM (IPoATMoWDM) network.

10 Claim 35 (currently amended): An optical packet switching method for switching inputted optical packets over NW wavelengths, the inputted optical packets comprising optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength priority, where NW is an integer greater than one, the method comprising:

15 grouping the NW wavelengths into KG groups of wavelengths according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength priority so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths comprises wavelengths having a common priority which is different from a priority of wavelengths in other groups, where KG is an integer greater than one and the  
20 common priority comprises a priority with respect to ~~at least one of the following: wavelength conversion; susceptibility to interference; and congestion level of carried optical packets;~~ and

switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having an available transmission resource selected from among wavelengths in one of said  
25 KG groups of wavelengths that is matched to the one inputted optical packet by correspondence of an attribute of the characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength priority.

Claim 36 (previously presented): The method according to claim 35 and wherein the  
30 inputted optical packets comprise Internet Protocol (IP) packets.

Claim 37 (previously presented): The method according to claim 36 and wherein the IP packets comprise IP packets that are produced in at least one of the following: an IP-over-WDM network; an Ethernet based network; an IP-over-SDH-over-WDM (IPoSDHoWDM) network; an IP-over-SONET-over-WDM (IPoSONEToWDM) network; and an IP-over-ATM-over-WDM (IPoATMoWDM) network.

Claim 38 (currently amended): An optical packet switching method for switching inputted optical packets over NW wavelengths, the inputted optical packets comprising optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on optical packet service level, where NW is an integer greater than one, the method comprising:

grouping the NW wavelengths into KG groups of wavelengths according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet service level so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths is allocated to optical packets provided at a common service level which is different from a service level of other optical packets, where KG is an integer greater than one and the grouping comprises allocating wavelengths which provide different transmission conditions to inputted optical packets provided at different service levels, the different transmission conditions comprising transmission conditions in terms of at least one of the following: susceptibility to interference; and separation from other wavelengths; and

switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having an available transmission resource selected from among wavelengths in one of said KG groups of wavelengths that is matched to the one inputted optical packet by correspondence of an optical packet service level.

Claim 39 (previously presented): The method according to claim 38 and wherein said grouping comprises allocating a different number of wavelengths to inputted optical packets provided at different service levels.

Claim 40 (canceled)

Claim 41 (previously presented): The method according to claim 38 and wherein the inputted optical packets comprise Internet Protocol (IP) packets.

5 Claim 42 (previously presented): The method according to claim 41 and wherein the IP packets comprise IP packets that are produced in at least one of the following: an IP-over-WDM network; an Ethernet based network; an IP-over-SDH-over-WDM (IPoSDHoWDM) network; an IP-over-SONET-over-WDM (IPoSONEToWDM) network; and an IP-over-ATM-over-WDM (IPoATMoWDM) network.

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Claim 43 (currently amended): An optical packet switch for switching inputted optical packets over NW wavelengths, the inputted optical packets comprising optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on delay sensitivity, the optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on  
15 delay sensitivity also comprise optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on optical packet bit-rate range, and ~~where~~ NW is an integer greater than one, the optical packet switch comprising:

a switching fabric; and

a switching/routing control unit operatively associated with the  
20 switching fabric and operative to control the switching fabric for switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having an available transmission resource selected from among wavelengths in one of KG groups of wavelengths, where KG is an integer greater than one, the KG groups of wavelengths are formed by grouping the NW wavelengths both according to the different attributes of the characteristic  
25 based on delay sensitivity and according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet bit-rate range so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths is allocated to optical packets having both a common delay sensitivity level and a common bit-rate range which is are different from at least one of the following: a delay sensitivity level of other optical packets; and a bit-rate range of  
30 other optical packets, and said one of KG groups of wavelengths is matched to the

one inputted optical packet by correspondence of both a delay sensitivity level and a bit-rate range.

Claim 44 (currently amended): An optical packet switch for switching inputted optical packets over NW wavelengths, the inputted optical packets comprising optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength band, where NW is an integer greater than one, the optical packet switch comprising:

a switching fabric; and

a switching/routing control unit operatively associated with the switching fabric and operative to control the switching fabric for directing more of the inputted optical packets to a first wavelength band that experiences a first level of interference than to a second wavelength band that experiences a second level of interference which is higher than the first level of interference and for switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having an available transmission resource selected from among wavelengths in one of KG groups of wavelengths, where KG is an integer greater than one, the KG groups of wavelengths are formed by grouping the NW wavelengths according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength band so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths is allocated to optical packets that are provided at a common wavelength band which is different from a wavelength band of other optical packets, the common wavelength band comprising a plurality of separate optical channels, and said one of KG groups of wavelengths is matched to the one inputted optical packet by correspondence of a wavelength band.

Claim 45 (currently amended): An optical packet switch for switching inputted optical packets over NW wavelengths, the inputted optical packets comprising optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength priority, where NW is an integer greater than one, the optical packet switch comprising:

a switching fabric; and

a switching/routing control unit operatively associated with the switching fabric and operative to control the switching fabric for switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having an available transmission resource selected from among wavelengths in one of KG groups of wavelengths, where KG is an integer greater than one, the KG groups of wavelengths are formed by grouping the NW wavelengths according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength priority so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths comprises wavelengths having a common priority which is different from a priority of wavelengths in other groups, said common priority comprising a priority with respect to ~~at least one of the following: wavelength conversion; susceptibility to interference; and congestion level of carried optical packets,~~ and said one of KG groups of wavelengths is matched to the one inputted optical packet by correspondence of an attribute of the characteristic based on optical packet carrier wavelength priority.

Claim 46 (currently amended): An optical packet switch for switching inputted optical packets over NW wavelengths, the inputted optical packets comprising optical packets having different attributes of a characteristic based on optical packet service level, where NW is an integer greater than one, the optical packet switch comprising:

a switching fabric; and

a switching/routing control unit operatively associated with the switching fabric and operative to control the switching fabric for switching each one inputted optical packet over a wavelength having an available transmission resource selected from among wavelengths in one of KG groups of wavelengths, where KG is an integer greater than one, the KG groups of wavelengths are formed by grouping the NW wavelengths according to the different attributes of the characteristic based on optical packet service level so that each of the KG groups of wavelengths is allocated to optical packets provided at a common service level which is different from a service level of other optical packets, the grouping comprises allocating wavelengths which provide different transmission conditions to inputted optical



packets provided at different service levels, the different transmission conditions comprising transmission conditions in terms of at least one of the following: susceptibility to interference; and separation from other wavelengths, and said one  
5 of KG groups of wavelengths is matched to the one inputted optical packet by  
correspondence of an optical packet service level.